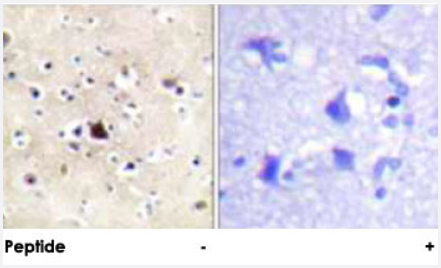
NR3C1 polyclonal antibody

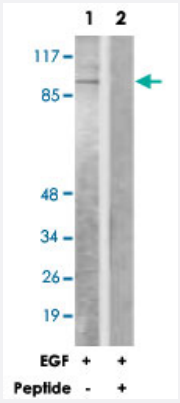
Catalog # PAB18154 Size 100 ug

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using NR3C1 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB18154).
Peptide "+" means "peptide blocking".



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western blot analysis of extracts from Jurkat cells, treated with EGF (200 ng/mL, 15 mins), using NR3C1 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB18154).
Peptide "+" means "peptide blocking".

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of NR3C1.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to human NR3C1.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Specificity	This antibody is specific to NR3C1.
Form	Liquid

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Purification	Affinity purification
Concentration	1 mg/mL
Recommend Usage	Western Blot (1:500-1:1000) Immunohistochemistry (1:50-1:100) ELISA (1:10000) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4 (50% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

  Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using NR3C1 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB18154). Peptide "+" means "peptide blocking".

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)

  Western blot analysis of extracts from Jurkat cells, treated with EGF (200 ng/mL, 15 mins), using NR3C1 polyclonal antibody (Cat # PAB18154).
  Peptide "+" means "peptide blocking".

Gene Info — NR3C1

Entrez GeneID	2908
Protein Accession#	P04150
Gene Name	NR3C1
Gene Alias	GCCR, GCR, GR, GRL
Gene Description	nuclear receptor subfamily 3, group C, member 1 (glucocorticoid receptor)
Omim ID	138040
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

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Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for glucocorticoids that can act as both a transcription factor and as a regulator of other transcription factors. This protein can also be found in heteromeric cytoplasmic complexes along with heat shock factors and immunophilins. The protein is typically found in the cytoplasm until it binds a ligand, which induces transport into the nucleus. Mutations in this gene are a cause of glucocorticoid resistance, or cortisol, resistance. Alternate splicing, the use of at least three different promoters, and alternate translation initiation sites result in several transcript variants encoding the same protein or different isoforms, but the full-length nature of some variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	nuclear receptor subfamily 3, group C, member 1

Publication Reference

- Characterization of transgenic Arabidopsis plants overexpressing GR-RBP4 under high salinity, dehydration, or cold stress.

  Kwak KJ, Kim YO, Kang H.

  Journal of Experimental Botany 2005 Nov; 56(421):3007.

- The Y chromosome gr/gr subdeletion is associated with male infertility.

  Lynch M, Cram DS, Reilly A, O'Bryan MK, Baker HW, de Kretser DM, McLachlan RI.

  Molecular Human Reproduction 2005 Jul; 11(7):507.

- High frequency of gr/gr chromosome Y deletions in consecutive oligospermic ICSI candidates.

  de Llanos M, Ballesca JL, Gazquez C, Margarit E, Oliva R.

  Human Reproduction (Oxford, England) 2005 Jan; 20(1):216.

Pathway

- Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

Disease

- Abortion
- Addison Disease
- Adenoma
- Adrenal Gland Neoplasms

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- Adrenal hyperplasia
- Arthritis
- Asthma
- Atherosclerosis
- Bipolar Disorder
- Birth Weight
- Breast cancer
- Bronchiolitis
- Calcinosis
- Carcinoma
- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Celiac Disease
- Cerebral Arterial Diseases
- Cerebral Infarction
- Chronic Disease
- Cleft Lip
- Cleft Palate
- Cognition
- Colitis
- Colorectal Neoplasms
- Combat Disorders
- Connective Tissue Diseases
- Coronary Artery Disease
- Coronary Disease
- Crohn Disease
- Cushing Syndrome

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- Cystic fibrosis
- Dementia
- Demyelinating Diseases
- Depressive Disorder
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Models
- Disease Progression
- Disease Susceptibility
- Drug Toxicity
- Ductus Arteriosus
- Dyslipidemias
- Edema
- Fatigue
- Fatigue Syndrome
- Fetal Diseases
- Fractures
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Glaucoma
- Glucose Intolerance
- Graves Ophthalmopathy
- Growth Disorders
- Guillain-Barre Syndrome
- HELLP Syndrome
- Hirsutism
- Hyperandrogenism
- Hypercholesterolemia

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- Hyperlipoproteinemia Type II
- Hypertension
- Infant
- Infection
- Infertility
- Inflammation
- Insulin Resistance
- Kidney Failure
- Leukemia
- Lung Diseases
- Lupus Erythematosus
- Lymphoma
- Memory
- Mental Disorders
- Mental Processes
- Metabolic Syndrome X
- Mood Disorders
- Multiple Organ Failure
- Multiple Sclerosis
- Musculoskeletal Diseases
- Myasthenia Gravis
- Myocardial Infarction
- Neoplasms
- Nephrotic Syndrome
- Neuropsychological Tests
- Obesity

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- Ocular Hypertension
- Osteonecrosis
- Osteoporosis
- Ovarian cancer
- Ovarian Failure
- Pain
- Pituitary Neoplasms
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Pregnancy Complications
- Premature Birth
- Prostate cancer
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- Proteinuria
- Pseudomonas Infections
- Psoriasis
- Psychiatric Status Rating Scales
- Psychophysiologic Disorders
- Psychotic Disorders
- Puberty
- Pulmonary Disease
- Reaction Time
- Recognition (Psychology)
- Recurrence
- Respiratory Distress Syndrome
- Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections
- Retinal Diseases

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- Schizophrenia
- Sepsis
- Skin Diseases
- Skin Neoplasms
- Sleep Disorders
- Somatoform Disorders
- Stomach Neoplasms
- Stress
- Stress Disorders
- Thrombophilia
- Tobacco Use Disorder
- Ventricular Dysfunction
- Weight Gain
- Wounds and Injuries

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