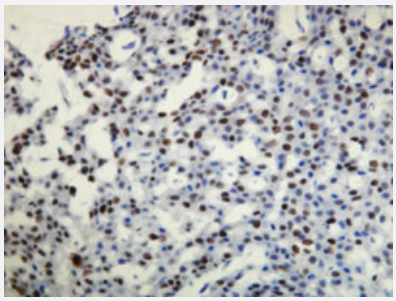
PGR monoclonal antibody, clone A21-W

Catalog # MAB15968 Size 100 uL

Applications



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human breast cancer with PGR monoclonal antibody, clone A21-W (Cat # MAB15968).

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against synthetic peptide of human PGR.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to N-terminus of human PGR.
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Purification	EVAC purification
Recommend Usage	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) (1:100-1:200) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8.0 (20 mg/mL BSA, 0.05% Sodium Azide).
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C. Do not freeze.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only.

Copyright © 2023 Abnova Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

Applications

- Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

  Immunohistochemical staining (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) of human breast cancer with PGR monoclonal antibody, clone A21-W (Cat # MAB15968).

Gene Info — PGR

Entrez GeneID	5241
Protein Accession#	P06401
Gene Name	PGR
Gene Alias	NR3C3, PR
Gene Description	progesterone receptor
Omim ID	607311
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of the steroid receptor superfamily. The encoded protein mediates the physiological effects of progesterone, which plays a central role in reproductive events associated with the establishment and maintenance of pregnancy. This gene uses two distinct promotors and translation start sites in the first exon to produce two isoforms, A and B. The two isoforms are identical except for the additional 165 amino acids found in the N-terminus of isoform A only, and mediate their own response genes and physiologic effects with little overlap. The location of transcription initiation for isoform B has not been clearly determined. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	-

Publication Reference

- Transcriptional repressor Tbx3 is required for the hormone-sensing cell lineage in mammary epithelium.

  Kunasegaran K, Ho V, Chang TH, De Silva D, Bakker ML, Christoffels VM, Pietersen AM.

  PloS One 2014 Oct; 9(10):e110191.

Disease

- Abortion

Copyright © 2023 Abnova Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

- Adenocarcinoma
- Adhesions
- Aortic Aneurysm
- Arthritis
- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Carcinoma
- Cardiovascular Diseases
- Colorectal Neoplasms
- Connective Tissue Diseases
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Ductus Arteriosus
- Edema
- Endometrial Neoplasms
- Endometriosis
- Esophageal Neoplasms
- Fetal Diseases
- Gender Identity
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hyperprolactinemia
- Hypertension
- Infant
- Infection
- Infertility
- Inflammation
- Kidney Failure

Copyright © 2023 Abnova Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

- Leiomyoma
- Lung Neoplasms
- Lymphatic Metastasis
- Lymphoma
- Migraine Disorders
- Musculoskeletal Diseases
- Neoplasm Invasiveness
- Neoplasms
- Obesity
- Osteoporosis
- Ovarian cancer
- Ovarian Cysts
- Ovarian Failure
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Panic Disorder
- Peritoneal Diseases
- Polycystic Ovary Syndrome
- Pregnancy Complications
- Premature Birth
- Prostate cancer
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- Proteinuria
- Psychiatric Status Rating Scales
- Puberty
- Pulmonary Disease
- Skin Diseases

Copyright © 2023 Abnova Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

- Stomach Neoplasms
- Thrombophilia
- Tobacco Use Disorder
- Urinary Bladder Neoplasms
- Uterine Diseases
- Uterine Neoplasms
- Vertigo
- Werner syndrome

Copyright © 2023 Abnova Corporation. All Rights Reserved.