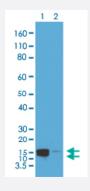




Histone H2A/H4 (phospho S1) monoclonal antibody, clone RM216

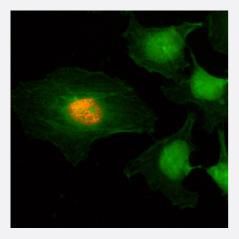
Catalog # MAB12792 Size 100 ug

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: acid extracts of HeLa cell treated with Nocodazole and Lane 2: acid extracts of HeLa cell untreated with Histone H2A/H4 (phospho S1) monoclonal antibody, clone RM216 (Cat # MAB12792) at 0.5 ug/mL working concentration, showed a band of Histone H2A and H4 phosphorylated at Serine 1.



Immunocytochemistry

Immunocytochemistry of HeLa cells, using Histone H2A/H4 (phospho S1) monoclonal antibody, clone RM216 (Cat# MAB12792) (red). Actin filaments have been labeled with fluorescein phalloidin (green).

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Histone H2A/H4 (phospho S1) monoclonal antibody, clone RM216 (Cat# MAB12792) specifically reacts to both Histone H2A and H4 phosphorylated at Serine 1 (H2AS1p and H4S1p).



Product Information

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit recombinant monoclonal antibody raised against of human histone H2A/H4 (S1).
Antibody Species	Rabbit
Immunogen	Original antibody is raised against a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surroundin g S1 of human Histone H2A.
Sequence	N/A
Specificity	This antibody reacts to Histone H4 or Histone H2A phosphorylated at Serine 1. No cross reactivity wi th other phosphorylated Histones.
Form	Liquid
Purification	Protein A purification
Isotype	lgG
Recommend Usage	ELISA (0.2 ug/mL-1 ug/mL) Western Blot (0.5 ug/mL-2 ug/mL) The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.
Storage Buffer	In PBS (50% glycerol, 1% BSA, 0.09% sodium azide)
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only. This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which shoul d be handled by trained staff only. Histone H2A/H4 (phospho S1) monoclonal antibody, clone RM216 (Cat# MAB12792) specifically re acts to both Histone H2A and H4 phosphorylated at Serine 1 (H2AS1p and H4S1p).

Applications

Western Blot (Cell lysate)

Western Blot analysis of Lane 1: acid extracts of HeLa cell treated with Nocodazole and Lane 2: acid extracts of HeLa cell untreated with Histone H2A/H4 (phospho S1) monoclonal antibody, clone RM216 (Cat # MAB12792) at 0.5 ug/mL working concentration, showed a band of Histone H2A and H4 phosphorylated at Serine 1.

Immunocytochemistry

Immunocytochemistry of HeLa cells, using Histone H2A/H4 (phospho S1) monoclonal antibody, clone RM216 (Cat# MAB12792) (red). Actin filaments have been labeled with fluorescein phalloidin (green).



• Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay

Gene Info — HIST1H2AE	
Entrez GenelD	3012
Protein Accession#	P16104;P62805
Gene Name	HIST1H2AE
Gene Alias	H2A.1, H2A.2, H2A/a, H2AFA
Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H2ae
Omim ID	602786
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chro mosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped aro und a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H 4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H2A family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; inst ead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	H2A histone family, member A histone 1, H2ae histone H2AE

Gene Info — HIST4H4	
Entrez GeneID	<u>121504</u>
Protein Accession#	P16104;P62805
Gene Name	HIST4H4
Gene Alias	H4/p, MGC24116
Gene Description	histone cluster 4, H4
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>



Product Information

Gene Summary

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped aro und a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H4 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

histone 4, H4|histone H4

Pathway

- Systemic lupus erythematosus
- Systemic lupus erythematosus